

Tolson
 Belmont
 Mohr
 Nease
 Parsons
 Rosen
 Tamm
 Trotter
 W.C. Sullivan
 Tele. Room
 Holloman
 Gandy

VICTOR RIESEL

Costello Awaits Trial in Prison

Frank Costello, dealer in dynasties, sat with just one old friend at an East Side bar the night before he reported for prison—and sadly mused over those who take a vanishing powder when trouble starts.

The next day the kingpin maker was on his way to Lewisburg prison to serve a sentence for income tax evasion. He has not been definitely assigned to any work yet. For his deportation trial starts early in December, when acting U.S. Attorney Arthur Christie will attempt to denaturalize the gambler.

The Feds want Frankie C. near New York so he can be whisked in quickly for his final tribulation. It all started, says Andrew Tully in his book, "Treasury Agent," (Simon and Schuster), when Mrs. Costello made out a \$5.10 check to pay a plant nursery for tending the family cemetery plot. From this tiny check, the Treasury sleuths traced the shrubbery keeper, then the cemetery plot and the mausoleum which cost \$23,503 and was paid for in cash. From that point on they discovered more cash payments and a greater net worth than Costello had reported on his income tax.

THOSE WHO KNEW of the off-the-record labor luncheon session held in mid-September by Nelson Rockefeller were asked to keep it secret because the Governor-elect did not want to seem to be wooing the unions. He would not attack them but he did not, and will not, woo the labor chiefs. There were exactly six men present—four union men, Mr. Rockefeller and his respected and informed labor advisor, Victor Borella.

The men who came at Mr. Borella's invitation were Al Manuti, the progressive leader of Local 802, American Federation of Musicians; Peter Bonham, new head of the city's Con-

struction Trades, a silent but upcoming man to watch as one of the men who will help George Meany clean house; Dave Sullivan, head of the Building Service Union, and Harry Van Arsdale, chief of the AFL Central Trades who has turned into a whirlwind crusader in this town

TYPICAL OF THEIR reaction to Nelson Rockefeller was Al Manuti's report to some friends. Mr. Manuti, head of the largest musicians local in the land, believes that only Federal, state and local subsidies can save the arts and live music in America.

In this cold war, with the



Soviets hurling cultural and social missions across the world, Mr. Manuti thinks this is more than a matter of saving jobs for his people—though that is vital to him.

The Rockefellers have helped. Their Radio City Music Hall has the land's only big popular house symphony. Its 75 men have a guaranteed annual wage—the only one of its kind in the theatrical business. Soon Manuti hopes to set another precedent with a five-day week. He found Mr. Rockefeller deeply interested, well-informed and intrigued with Manuti's suggestion for a state cultural commission.

Rockefeller said he expected the labor men to buck him—but come back after election and we'll get busy with projects which can be of help to their unions and the state.

Wash. Post and
 Times Herald
 Wash. News
 Wash. Star
 N. Y. Herald
 Tribune
 N. Y. Journal-American
 N. Y. Mirror 45
 N. Y. Daily News
 N. Y. Times
 Daily Worker
 The Worker
 New Leader

NOV 9 1958
Date

REC-6

62-72195-4
 NOT RECORDED
 167 NOV 14 1958

52 NOV 18 1958

VICTOR RIESEL: INSIDE LABOR

Liberals Boo GOP; Not 'Rocky'

The Democrats may have lost it at the Astor—on the night of Sept. 4, in the North Ballroom. If they lose the 1960 presidency, I believe that's where they began to lose it—at a "we-wake-with-alarm" session of the leaders of New York's venturesome Liberal Party.

This balance of power political uplift society met to denounce the Republicans and nominate District Attorney Frank Hogan for the U. S. Senate. They nominated Hogan. They denounced the Republicans. But, strangely enough, they did not denounce the Republican candidate for Governor of New York State, a fellow by the name of Nelson Rockefeller.

It seems to me nationally significant that a gathering of 400 New Yorkers and veterans of some mighty militant picket lines not only did not attack Nelson Rockefeller but didn't even mention him once by name that evening.

Yet here these men had the chance to rip into a Rockefeller—a Republican and a foe of

Averell Harriman. Yet they didn't. For they, the rank and file, respect Nelson Rockefeller. And so do the Liberal Party strategists, David Dubinsky of the Ladies Garment Workers' Union and Alex Rose of the Hatters Union.

THIS SAMPLING of a mood is a sign of what's to come in this pivotal New York gubernatorial campaign. The labor people, devoted as they are to Democratic incumbent, Harriman, are not going to campaign directly against Mr. Rockefeller. Neither will other powerful labor forces outside the Liberal Party.

Furthermore, Mr. Rockefeller, as head of Radio City which bears his family name, has had continuing peaceful relations with the more conservative construction unions. Leaders of these outfits are devoted to Mr. Harriman. But campaigning takes more than just devotion. It takes heavily financed, loud, denunciatory in-fighting. Such a campaign will be waged against the Republican Senatorial nominee, Rep. Kenneth Keating. He will be called many names, as he was that Thursday evening at the Astor. But not so Mr. Rockefeller.

In addition, the young millionaire has a strong Negro fol-

lowing for he has given more than lots of cash to their cause. He's been there personally. And many of the studies made by foundations bearing the Rockefeller name have also caught the imagination of New York's intellectuals.

THIS WILL BE A hard combination for Gov. Harriman to beat. He can only do it if the union-financed Liberal Party attracts enough independent voters to cast ballots for Harriman on its line. And if the last gubernatorial vote means anything, Mr. Harriman will lose if the Liberals lose a mere 25,000 votes.

Should thousands of militant Liberal rank-and-filers stay home on Election Day or simply not vote for a gubernatorial candidate, and Mr. Harriman loses, the Democrats will lose one of their potential candidates for the 1960 presidential election.

If Rockefeller wins this November in New York, he can take the second spot on the GOP's '60 ticket, insiders say. But if he doesn't run for office in '60, he certainly will be one of those who will decide who the Republicans will run for president. And he'll go in fighting hard for that man.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Wash. Post and _____
Times Herald _____
Wash. News _____
Wash. Star _____
N. Y. Herald Tribune _____
N. Y. Journal-American _____
N. Y. Mirror _____
N. Y. Daily News _____
N. Y. Times _____
Daily Worker _____
The Worker _____
New Leader _____

62-82105
62-82105
62-82105
62-82105

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Secret Labor Center Set Up for Air Raid

Had recent mock air raids been the real thing, stunned war correspondents would have reported that 25 of our cities and 40,000,000 of our people were no more than radioactive waves. But the raids were not real. So there were no war correspondents sitting in the secret subcellar anteroom outside an underground conference hall where 200 of our national leaders gathered last July. These were grim men, for these are grim times and we play grim games.

The 200 men analyzed the effect of the mock raids—but made no public announcement. It is not pleasant to talk of a bomb—already produced and tested—which can kill 10,000,000 in New York, 4,000,000 in Chicago or 3,000,000 in Los Angeles.

There were 11 labor leaders and technicians in that group,

acting under the direction of Joseph Keenan, national secretary of the International Electrical Workers Brotherhood.

It was his task, as labor administrative assistant to the Director of the Office of Defense Mobilization, among other vital matters, to check and see what remained of the labor movement after the mock raid. It was also the task of Keenan's group, which included Stanley Rutenberg, national AFL-CIO research director, to patch together the blitzed labor organization so skilled workers could be strategically reassigned to those factories that were left.

In everyone of those 25 cities, every one of the thousands of local and regional labor units had been wiped out. If Washington had been one of those cities, the national AFL-CIO would have shifted to its emer-

gency standby headquarters in Richmond, Va.

THIS RELOCATION site for the national staff—or what would have been left of it—was set up by AFL-CIO secretary-treasurer William Schnitzler at the direction of president George Meany.

There have been "dry runs" during a mock raid warning. Simulated vital documents have been swiftly packed. A courier took them by car to Richmond. A government spokesman tells me that important union records have been microfilmed and are in the AFL-CIO's relocated headquarters. A secondary labor chain-of-command has been set up to "assure continuity of operations in any emergency."

If Pittsburgh, for example,

Wash. Post and Times Herald _____
Wash. News _____
Wash. Star _____
N. Y. Herald Tribune _____
N. Y. Journal-American _____
N. Y. Mirror _____
N. Y. Daily News _____
N. Y. Times _____
Daily Worker _____
The Worker _____

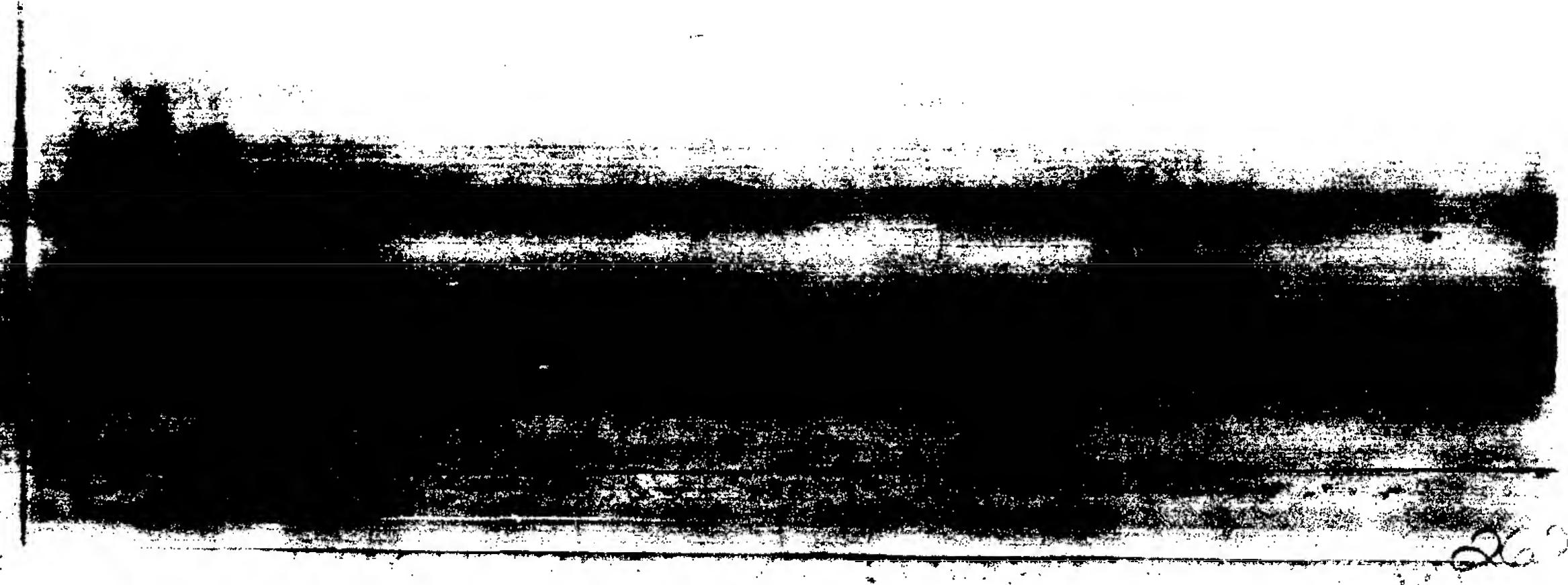
calls for 50 electricians what better than the Electrical Workers Union central register would have knowledge of such men? And who better than the local Electrical Workers' business agents and union hiring hall dispatchers would know which of them have what special skills, where they live, if they are alive and if their jobs are expendable jobs.

Even this is not being left to chance. At the moment, Mr. Keenan's group, working with government and business executives, are running a pilot study of all skills in a mid-western industrial city.

BUT MR. KEENAN and his colleagues go off on the secret three-day analytical games for a reason even deeper than the practice analysis of what happened to us after a mock raid. Mr. Keenan is interested in what happens to freedom under the pulverizing pressure of a mass attack.

If we are hit, the government would issue a series of control decrees with machine gun burst speed. Mr. Keenan and the labor men have studied post Pearl Harbor Hawaii. Martial law was declared there after the Jap attack and it lasted for almost four years. The labor men know the need for compulsory regulation and control of wages, prices, job shifting and production in the radio-active aftermath of an attack. But they want it kept to a minimum.

So when they sit in the secret council and play war games they ask it to make it possible for men on the industrial home front to fight for freedom with the greatest possible freedom.



From The Hall Syndicate,
342 Madison Ave., New York 17, New York
FOR RELEASE ON RECEIPT

9/8/58

INSIDE LABOR

THE VICTOR RIESEL COLUMN

By Victor Riesel

New York -- The Democrats may have lost it at the Astor -- on the night of Sept. 4, in the North Ballroom. If they lose the 1960 presidency, I believe that's where they began to lose it -- at a "we-view-with-alarm" session of the leaders of New York's venturesome Liberal Party, which is really a fraternity of brilliant labor chiefs and nostalgic un-tired old radicals.

This balance of power political uplift society met to denounce the Republicans and to nominate New York's District Attorney ~~Frank Hogan~~ for the U.S. Senate. They nominated Hogan. They denounced the Republicans. But strangely enough, they did not denounce the Republican candidate for Governor of New York State, a fellow by the name of Nelson ~~Rockefeller~~, who, I'm told, would make a handy co-maker on a loan.

Furthermore, Mr. ~~Rockefeller~~, as head of Radio City which bears his family name, has had continuing peaceful relations with the more conservative construction unions. Leaders of these groups are devoted to Mr. Harriman. But campaigning takes more than just devotion. It takes heavily-financed, loud, denunciatory infighting. Such a campaign will be waged against the Republican Senatorial nominee, Rep. Kenneth Keating. He will be called many names, as he was that Thursday evening at the Astor. But not so Mr. ~~Rockefeller~~.

In addition, the young millionaire has a strong Negro following, for he has given more than lots of cash to their cause. He's been there personally. And many of the studies made by foundations bearing the ~~Rockefeller~~ name have also caught

Should thousands of militant liberal rank-and-filers stay home on Election Day or simply not vote for a gubernatorial candidate, and Mr. Harriman loses, the Democrats will lose one of their potential candidates for the 1960 Presidential election.

It seems to me nationally significant that a gathering of 400 New Dealers and veterans of some mighty militant picket lines not only did not attack Nelson Rockefeller but didn't even mention him once by name that evening. These are voices I've heard thunder at a thousand street rallies since the days I was so unladen of calories that my Dad could prop me on his shoulder so that I might see the street corner speaker.

Yet here these men had the chance to rip into a Rockefeller -- a Republican and a foe of Averell Harriman. Yet they didn't. For they, the rank-and-file, respect Rockefeller. As do the Liberal Party strategists, David Dubinsky of the Ladies Garment Workers Union and Alex Rose of the Hatters Union.

This sampling of a mood is a sign of what's to come in this pivotal New York gubernatorial campaign. The labor people, devoted as they are to the Democratic incumbent, Averell Harriman, are not going to campaign directly against Mr. Rockefeller. Neither will other powerful labor forces outside the Liberal Party.

The influential ~~Amalgamated~~ Clothing Workers Union, now quietly and efficiently led by Jack Potofsky, successor to Sidney Hillman, is another outfit that will not assail Mr. Rockefeller personally. There is the corroborated story of Potofsky's insistence that Mr. Rockefeller be seated and honored alongside him at an Urban League testimonial dinner for the union official.

~~Wilson~~ Rockefeller would then come through as a powerful Republican leader -- with

If Rockefeller wins this November in New York, he can have the second spot on the GOP's '60 ticket, insiders say. But if he doesn't run for office in '60, he certainly will be one of those who will decide who the Republicans will run for president. And he'll go in fighting hard for that man.

With his political weight, and at his age, Rockefeller could cost the Democrats millions of votes.

(Distributed 1958 by The Hall Syndicate, Inc.)

(All Rights Reserved)

VICTOR RIESEL

Political War In the Poconos

The New York political battle shifted to the Poconos this past week with Democrats and Republicans collaring the nation's top labor chiefs at the AFL-CIO Executive Council meeting in Unity House, multi-million dollar Summer resort of the Ladies Garment Workers.

Special liaison men were rushed to this session of labor's high command to round up endorsement for the Democrats. Some of these contact men sought to swing more support to Thomas Finletter in his race for the Senatorial nomination. But privately, even these lobbyists admit that the liberal Democrats' first choice for the Senate spot hasn't exactly excited the labor people. The big problem now, they say, is to "get his campaign off the ground."

While Liberal Party chiefs, led by Alex Rose, president of the Hatters Union, have been working hard to nail down the nomination for Finletter, labor is split on this question.

One group of shrewd politicians has been huddling for more than a week trying to jimmy open the door that Mayor Wagner shut on a Senate race.

These labor men are racing against time to whip up some formula that will enable Wagner gracefully to reserve his announced decision. The Mayor, they insist, really did want the nomination and would take it even yet—if the proper face-saving gimmick can be devised.

GOP CONTACT men were also roaming around Unity House in an effort to win backing for Nelson Rockefeller.

They have been hammering home on his close cooperation with ILGWU chief Dave Dubinsky in a project to wipe out Puerto Rican slums and replace them with modern housing within the reach of the Island Workers. And they are busy advertising the views of Rockefeller on Latin American affairs generally, with an eye to the big Spanish-speaking vote in New York.

THERE'S SOMETHING big brewing in this area that could give ulcers to the notorious Abner "Longy" Zwillman, New Jersey's shadowy millionaire friend of Frank Costello, Joe Adams and other crime big-wigs. Investigators of the Senate rackets committee have been in town asking many pointed questions and getting many pointed answers. And the questions and answers seem to point to an appointment one day in the near future between Zwillman and the racket-busting senators. This could make many a politician's face red.

THREE NOT-SO-INNOCENTS abroad are, in effect, extending the Hatters Union picketline from Louisville, Ky., to Europe and Asia. For well over a year this union has been on strike at the Louisville Cap Co. The strikebound firm does a large business overseas, selling to U. S. Army PX's. The hatters decided that they have their own "salesmen" following the firm's salesmen around the world, including the purchasing offices in such



Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Nease _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Wash. Post and _____
Times Herald _____
Wash. News _____
Wash. Star _____
N. Y. Herald Tribune _____
N. Y. Journal-American _____
N. Y. Mirror _____
N. Y. Daily News _____
N. Y. Times _____
Daily Worker _____
The Worker _____
New Leader _____

INSTITUTE FOR FAMILY NEUROSIS RESEARCH

ADVISORY BOARD
WESTON LIBARRE
JOHN ERVIN
FRANK TALLMAN
ROBERT KINGSLEY
FOSTER SHERWOOD
DONALD O. MCLEOD
JOHN R. STONE

August 29, 1974

Mrs. Cornelia Wallace
Executive Mansion
Montgomery, Alabama

N.Y.
D.S.

Dear lady,

The time has come to inform you Vice President Nelson ~~Rockefeller~~ ordered the attempt on your husband's life that injured his spine.

The plan to kill the governor was drawn up by the communist master-mind, [REDACTED] b7c
[REDACTED] He is a diabetic who malingerers
alcoholism. He is a genius with a photographic memory and a master accountant as well as a master of disguise. He used to write cover stories for the C.I.A.'s political assassinations, but for many years has written them for the Rockefellers and the mafia.

With very best wishes for you and your fine family.

Sincerely,

Copy to [REDACTED]

b2c

62-102939-512

Enclosure

ENCLOSURE

45

Rockefeller, a Capitalist Symbol, Meets No. 1 Soviet Communist

Talks Here Range Over Many Topics — Both Touch On, Then Quickly Avoid, Presidential Candidacies

Governor Rockefeller, who is internationally known as a symbol of American capitalism, spent twenty-two minutes yesterday afternoon with Premier Khrushchev, an equally well-known symbol of Soviet communism.

Their conversation, Mr. Rockefeller reported afterward, covered a wide range of subjects, including the American political scene.

Mr. Khrushchev, he said, made "an oblique" allusion to the possibility that he (Mr. Rockefeller) might become a candidate for President. And, Mr. Rockefeller added, "I made an equally oblique reply."

The Governor said he could not recall exactly what Mr. Khrushchev said on the topic or remember precisely what his answer was.

"We dropped the subject as quickly as we could," Mr. Rockefeller added.

The meeting between the New York Governor, whose family name is synonymous with great wealth throughout the world, took place in Premier Khrushchev's thirty-fifth-floor suite in the Waldorf Towers.

Mr. Khrushchev was present along with their son, daughter and son-in-law.

In the conversation the Governor said that he had suggested banteringly to the Soviet Premier that a meeting with such a well-known symbol of capitalism might hurt him politically back home.

"Mr. Khrushchev said he didn't think it would," Mr. Rockefeller said.

A Bantering Suggestion

At another point in the conversation, Mr. Rockefeller remembered, he had intimated that his election as Governor of New York had probably been a surprise to Mr. Khrushchev.

"He said frankly that he had been surprised," Mr. Rockefeller noted, "and that it was something that could only happen in America."

During the visit, Mr. Rockefeller said, Mr. Khrushchev offered him a choice of three drinks. He chose one that Mr. Khrushchev identified as a root drink made in Siberia. It was nonalcoholic. "And it wasn't bad," Mr. Rockefeller remarked.

The meeting had been arranged by the State Department more than two weeks ago. Mr.

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. TIMES

EDITION LATE CITY

DATE 9/19/59

PAGE 13

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR CHARLES MERZ

RE: KHRUVIS
IS-R

BUFILE 62-104045

62-104045-A
NOT RECORDED
14 OCT 9 1959

55 OCT 9 1959

Rockefeller flew here from Albany in a private plane.

The Soviet Premier, he reported, allowed him to say what he had intended to say without any interruption.

"In welcoming Mr. Khrushchev on behalf of New York's 16,500,000 people, I expressed the hope his stay in New York would be pleasant and would contribute to the cause of peace," Mr. Rockefeller reported.

"I pointed out that the 16,500,000, or their fathers, had come to this country from other lands, many to escape persecution and all to find freedom and opportunity.

"While we are proud of our productive capacity and high standard of living, even though much remains to be done, I told him I hoped he would sense and feel more intangible values which are of even deeper and greater significance to an understanding of America: namely, the values in which we believe: The freedom and dignity of the individual, equal opportunity for all to develop their intellectual, spiritual and cultural capacities to the full; as well as equal opportunity to meet their material needs.

Cites Spiritual Values

"Then I pointed out that these values grow out of basic spiritual beliefs in the brotherhood of man under the fatherhood of God, in love as the greatest force in the world, in the importance and uniqueness of each individual as a child of God, and that thus, because of these beliefs, we felt that all activities must contribute to the self-realization and self-fulfillment of the individual.

Governor Rockefeller's demeanor while reporting on his visit was noticeably more serious than usual. He gave the impression that he was measuring his every word.

He recalled that Mr. Khrushchev had responded to his address of welcome with the statement that "We are also deeply concerned for the people."

He said that Mr. Khrushchev had invited him (the Governor) to visit the Soviet Union to see for himself what the country was like and that he had replied that he was too busy with his duties to accept.

As for his impressions of the meeting, Mr. Rockefeller said: "He was serious and gay at times but there is always a keen look coming out of his eyes."

Washington Merry-Go-Round

GOP Leaders To Ask Equal Time On Message

By DREW PEARSON
WASHINGTON — The

WASHINGTON — The Republican Coordinating Committee, meeting in

Washington to-day, has an important argument brewing behind the scenes plus a dramatic move to win more support from American voters.

The Justice is a State of 10

The latter is a State of the Union Message by the Republican party to rival the annual State of the Union Message by the President.

Republican leaders will demand equal time at a joint session of the two Houses to hear either Sen. Everett Dirksen of Illinois, Minority Leader of the Senate, or Rep. Gerald Ford of Michigan, Minority Leader of the House, so the GOP can get an equal break in presenting its program to the nation. Birch, 55, is also wavering a bit. He says it may not be necessary to pass a formal resolution of the two Houses to hear either Sen. Everett Dirksen of Illinois, Minority Leader of the Senate, or Rep. Gerald Ford of Michigan, Minority Leader of the House, so the GOP can get an equal break in presenting its program to the nation. However, some of the top governors of the nation are coming to Washington all steamed up against the Birchites. They include Governors George Roman of Michigan, William Scranton of Pennsylvania, Nelson

The argument is growing back. Rockefeller of New York, and stage is over the question of John Love of Colorado. They "extremism" and outlawing the plan to remind their fellow Rep. John Birch Society. publicans of the lesson of the Gov. Robert W. Bailey of Idaho Goldwater defeat — namely, has already announced that he that the Republican party can will demand a formal resolution not temporize with extremism denounces the Birchites. But if either the left or the right another high-ranking GOP leader, they will call for a forthright ex-Vice President Richard Nixon, considered the spokesman for the moderates, has urged a go-slow policy. He warns that big Republican money will dry up if the Birchites are officially condemned. Therefore they will recall Goldwater's disastrous speech that "extremism is no sin" and the refusal of Chairman De-

Sen. Thrustor Morton of Kentucky, former GOP National Chairman and the man who first spoke against the John Birch Society, is also wavering.

Birch Society, is also wavering a bit. He says it may not be necessary to pass a formal resolution.

However, some of the top governors of the nation are coming to Washington all steamed up against the Birchites. They include Governors George Romney of Michigan, William Scranton of Pennsylvania, Nelson

the dedication. The hospital was the idea of Windek O. Biernacki-Poray, a Montclair, N.J., architect.

With the help of Sen. Hart-
son Williams, D-N.J., Hubert
Humphrey, other Senator from
Minnesota and Rep. Clement J.
Zablocki, D-Wis., Congress pro-
vided 18 million in counterpart
funds. These are funds which
Poland pays into the treasury
for the purchase of American
surplus wheat, with the provi-
sion that the money must re-
main in Poland and be used for
either the expenses of the Ameri-
can Embassy or other Ameri-
can projects.

repudiation of the John Birch Society and all other right-wing groups. Therefore they will recall Goldwater's disastrous speech that "extremism is no sin" and the refusal of Chairman Dean Burch and Rep. William Miller to repudiate the Ku Klux Klan. They will call for a forthright repudiation of the John Birch Society and all other right-wing groups. EVER SINCE the Truman administration, the United States has sold or given surplus farm products to Poland and Yugoslavia — despite vigorous criticism from the right wing. This cooperation has led to increasing friendship between the two communist countries and the increasing independence of Moscow.

Society and extremists of both. Those who flew to Poland for the right and left wings. the dedication ceremony including and Zablocki.

BEHIND PREMIER Kosygin's bitter blast at the United States last week, given to Edward Boland, Mass., Edward Kelly, N.Y., Harris McDowell, James Reston of the New York Times are certain domestic economic developments. Rep. Thomas Morgan, Pa.; Edward Boland, Mass., Edward Kelly, N.Y., Harris McDowell, James Reston of the New York Times are certain domestic economic developments. Del., Ronald Cameron, Calif.; William Murphy, Ill., Henry Heuston, N.J., Spark Matsunaga,

Primarily, Soviet managers are having trouble with a sluggish economy. A terrible cold spell came early this year, setting back both agriculture and industrial production.

The economy has also long suffered down by a heavy Edward Derwinski, Ill., James Fulton Pa., Irving Whalley, Pa., and Vernon Thomson, Wis.

DEC. 22 1995

63-104461
ENCLOSURE

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 2/28/67

Bureau files contain no information regarding American Nazi Party membership of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] New York and other recipient offices are being instructed to notify the Rockefeller family and appropriate law enforcement agencies of this threat. Secret Service is being advised.

CWT:amr

R. J. S.

b2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
FEB 28 1967
TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

ST
mre

FBI DENVER

1037AM URGENT 2-28-67 JS

TO DIRECTOR, ALBANY, LITTLE ROCK, LAS ANGELES, NEW YORK
FROM DENVER 62-1925

MINUTEMEN

[REDACTED] THREAT AGAINST ROCKEFELLER FAMILY; INFORMATION
CONCERNING.

b7c b7d

2009 1501

b7c
b7d

UNRECORDED WORK FILED IN 100-70271

[REDACTED] AT WHICH TIME
REC-23 62-107261-2370
SHE DISCUSSED THE WEALTH OF THE ROCKEFELLER FAMILY AND THAT SHE
COULD DRAW A MAP OF THE ROCKEFELLER ESTATE AND KNEW THE GUARDS

1 APR 15 1967

10 MAR 8 1967

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

DN 62-1925

PAGE TWO

AND WHEN THEIR SHIFTS CHANGED. [REDACTED] CLAIMED TO REPRESENT THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY AND WANTED [REDACTED] TO SUPPLY EIGHT COLORADO MINUTEMEN TO WORK [WITH] EIGHT MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY TO KILL NELSON ROCKEFELLER. [REDACTED] SAID [REDACTED] WOULD BE CONTACTED AT A LATER DATE.

[REDACTED] AT WHICH TIME [REDACTED] DISCUSSED THE ROCKEFELLER FAMILY.

[REDACTED] MENTIONED SPECIFICALLY WINTHROP ROCKEFELLER, GOVERNOR OF ARKANSAS, GOVERNOR NELSON ROCKEFELLER, NEW YORK, AND LAWRENCE ROCKEFELLER, NEW YORK CITY, WHO OWNS PROPERTY IN JACKSON HOLE, WYOMING.

NY

victims

b7C
b7D

[REDACTED] STATED HE WAS OF THE OPINION THAT IT PERTAINED TO THE ASSASSINATION OF ONE OF THE ROCKEFELLER FAMILY. [REDACTED]

FBI.

DN 62-1925

PAGE THREE

[REDACTED] STATED HE WAS FURNISHING THE INFORMATION BECAUSE HE WANTED TO CLEAR THE [REDACTED] FROM ANY ACTION THAT WAS TAKEN AGAINST THE ROCKEFELLER FAMILY.

PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION REFLECTS THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] BUT THERE WAS NO DISCUSSION OF ROCKEFELLER FAMILY.

[REDACTED] PREVIOUSLY MADE THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

[REDACTED] SECRET SERVICE, DENVER, [REDACTED] NOTIFIED NINE AM THIS DATE.

DO NOT FURNISH ANY INFORMATION [REDACTED]
BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES WILL BE ADVISED RESULTS OF
INVESTIGATION OF [REDACTED]
MEMO
LHM FOLLOWS.

END

GJG

FBI WASH DC

P

CC- MR. SULLIVAN

b7C
b7D

F B I

Date: 9/27/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via Airtel Airmail
(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI (62-109276)

FROM: SAC, Albany (62-1714) (e) *PROTECTION OF THE PRESIDENT*

SUBJECT: UNSUB; Alleged Threatening Telephone Calls Made to Governor NELSON ROCKEFELLER New York September 17-18, 1965 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Albany airtel, 9/20/65 and Bureau form 0-1, 9/25/65 requesting submission of an LHM for dissemination at the Bureau.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 5 copies of a self-explanatory LHM.

A copy of the LHM is being furnished locally to the U.S. Secret Service, Syracuse, New York.

3 Bureau (Encls. 5) *ENCLOSURE*
1-Albany

ETB:mjc
(4)

EX 110
REC-23

62-109276-378

3 SEP 29 1965

F91
Approved: *1965* *HR/sgt*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

55



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Albany, New York
September 27, 1965

UNKNOWN SUBJECT; Alleged
Threatening Telephone Calls
Made to Governor Nelson
Rockefeller, New York
September 17-18, 1965

On September 20, 1965, the following information
was received from [REDACTED] New York
State Police (NYSP) Headquarters, Albany, New York: b7c

The NYSP originally received information to the effect that shortly before midnight on Friday, September 17, 1965, and later after midnight on Saturday, September 18, 1965, an unknown subject made two threatening telephone calls to Governor Nelson Rockefeller of New York, from a telephone booth at Lackawanna, New York. In addition, the unknown subject inquired as to the name of the Governor of the State of Maryland and the location of the State Capitol of Maryland.

Investigation conducted by the NYSP established that the original allegation of threatening telephone calls made to Governor Rockefeller was erroneous.

The NYSP investigation disclosed a telephone operator at Lackawanna, New York, received a telephonic inquiry from an unknown male as to the name of the Governor of Maryland and the location of the Maryland State Capitol. When advised that the Maryland Governor's name is Tawes and the Capitol is located at Annapolis, the unknown subject said Tawes would be assassinated. Contrary to the original information, the unknown subject made no reference to Governor Rockefeller or any other New York State official.

62-169276-379
ENCLOSURE

[REDACTED] b? said the physical description of the unknown subject was obtained during the NYSP investigation which also indicated this individual to be a crew member of the S.S. Johnstown, a lake steamer registered to the Bethlehem Steel Company of Wilmington, Delaware.

He advised the Maryland State Police and the NYSP are mutually cognizant of all facts in this matter and when the last port of call of that ship is determined, all crew members will be interviewed to identify the unknown subject.

[REDACTED] b? also stated he was advising the U.S. Secret Service Office at Syracuse, New York, of the above information.

This memorandum is loaned to you by the FBI and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside of the agency to which loaned.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson *Keep to
Hill 54*

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

DATE: March 23, 1954

Tolson _____
 Ladd _____
 Nichols _____
 Belmont _____
 Clegg _____
 Glavin _____
 Harbo _____
 Rosen _____
 Tracy _____
 Mohr _____
 Trotter _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Miss Gandy _____

By reference from the Director's Office at 1:25 p.m. today ~~George Harvey~~ of the House Appropriations Committee phoned advising Mr. ~~McGaire~~ in my absence that he had urgently been trying to get the Director or you and after learning you were out of the building at the moment, asked that the following request from the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee be passed on to the Director at once.

Harvey stated that Title 18, U. S. Code, Section 201, makes it a misdemeanor for anyone to use appropriations of Congress to influence Congress and that he believed we had conducted several years ago an investigation for Congressman Cannon in the General Pick case on the same statute. Harvey stated that the Department of Health, Education and Welfare has a school construction program and there is a bill pending which was marked up for consideration on March 12, 1954, calling for a supplemental appropriations for this program. The Department of Health, Education and Welfare did not ask the Bureau of the Budget for a supplemental appropriation. Harvey stated there has been a sudden influx of pressure on various Congressmen on the Hill from school districts urging money be spent for the school construction program and the Chairman of the Committee is highly suspicious that the Department of Health, Education and Welfare has worked up this pressure on Congress. Accordingly, the Chairman has asked that Harvey relate to the Director his urgent and immediate request for action today on his ~~request~~ that the FBI make an immediate search of the records in the Department of Health, Education and Welfare for any telegrams, letters or records of telephone calls sent out by any officials of that Department to stir up the local and State school districts to put the heat on Congress. The Chairman has suggested that the Bureau work backwards from this date, March 23, through the files of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare going back to the date March 1, 1954, and that if nothing shows up as of that date indicating any communications sent out on this subject matter to check with the Committee for its further desires.

RECORDED

63-750-X3

cc - Mr. Boardman
 cc - Mr. Rosen
 cc - Mr. Holloman

54 APR 6 1954

REC'D 25 MAR 1954
 FILED 25 MAR 1954
 (64) 25 MAR 1954

JJM:ptm

memo Mr Tolson
 3/23/54 8:20 AM

54 APR 23 1954

Memorandum for Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols

Mr. Harvey stated that Mr. Nelson ~~Rockefeller~~ was scheduled to appear before the Committee at 2:00 p.m. today and in making arrangements for the appearance Rockefeller indicated he would bring along several Congressmen with him and was told that it would not be necessary that he was to appear himself. Mr. Harvey stated this was most urgent and he asked that the Director be advised immediately and was informed that this would be done.

Mr. Harvey stated if he should be out of the office and the Bureau desired to contact him that a Mr. Sprankle in his office was familiar with the matter and any messages for Harvey could be left with Sprankle.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : _____

12/2/11

FROM

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] (Continued)
14. JPM - 1000000000

b7D

卷之三

Findings of telephone complaint, 11-10-1973, by
Mr. Johnson, individual.

International

In New Mexico Aug 3, 1949, the cow laid a white egg. The New Mexico egg was laid. No one seems to think that this is odd. I am in agreement. The white egg is laid in the white shell. I wonder that this would happen in the same place.

Author Talk

and that he should contact narcotics agents in the current narcotics case, since the file was in their office.

Journal of the American Statistical Association, Vol. 65, No. 331, March 1970

66-3182-1735

MATERIALS AND METHODS

INDIA

EX-REG

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8-11-58

FROM : SAC, ALBANY (80-139)

POLICE ASSOCIATION

24TH ANNUAL CONFERENCE
NEW YORK STATE SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION
SYRACUSE, NEW YORK
AUGUST 4, 5, 6, 1958

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Nease
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Trotter
Mr. W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

This conference held at Syracuse, New York, was attended by SAC's HARVEY G. FOSTER of the New York Office, WESLEY G. RAPP of the Buffalo Office and the writer. The Association adopted a resolution expressing appreciation to the Bureau for the assistance rendered to it in the field of police training and a copy of this resolution is being forwarded to the Bureau.

N.Y. & Albany
The officers elected for the coming year are JOHN E. MOY, Sheriff, Westchester County, White Plains, New York - President; HOWARD A. HARVEY, Sheriff, Tompkins County, Ithaca, New York - First Vice-President; CHARLES C. MC CLOSKEY, JR., Sheriff, Chatauqua County, Mayville, New York - Second Vice-President; CARL K. MC COY, Sheriff, Warren County, Lake George, New York - Secretary; THOMAS V. KENNEDY, Sheriff, Wyoming County, Warsaw, New York - Treasurer; EDWARD G. DILLON, Counsel and Executive Director, 91 State Street, Albany, New York.

It is recommended that a congratulatory letter be directed to each of the officers of the association. There is no information in the files of the Albany Office which would preclude such a letter being directed to officials of the officers in this territory, and the New York and Buffalo Offices are requested to advise the Bureau by radiogram in the event there is any information in the files of those offices which would indicate such a letter to be undesirable.

CC: 2-Bureau (Enc. 1) ENCLOSURE
2-Buffalo
2-New York REC-36
1-Albany (80-139) WH 29

REC-36

94-1-254-328

Letford - oral
Harvey - oral
McCloskey - oralMc Coy - oral
Kennedy - oral
Dillon - oral
Ack 2/9/59
8/24/58

AC:PAC

(7)

FBI
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

77 AUG 29 1958

During the course of his report to the Association Mr. DILLON stated that the Association owed the Bureau and the Director a debt of gratitude "which they could never repay" for the training provided under the Long Range Police Training Program.

President ALBERT E. STONE, Sheriff, Onondaga County, in addressing the members of the Association following Mr. DILLON, stated that the Sheriff's Association was greatly indebted to the Bureau and that the success the sheriffs had achieved in training was due almost entirely to the Bureau. He stated the Association was most appreciative.

During the Tuesday morning meeting Inspector JEPHTHA ROGERS of the Bureau addressed the members in attendance and very creditably represented the Bureau. His talk was interesting, pertinent and was well received.

On the afternoon of August 6 NELSON ROCKEFELLER, Republican candidate for Governor of New York State addressed members of the Association. During his speech he took cognizance of the presence of Bureau representatives and stated that publicly and in the presence of the members of the Association he wanted to pay tribute to the Director, Mr. HOOVER and the FBI as one of the most outstanding organizations in the country. He stated the Bureau operated in a quiet unassuming manner and was an extremely efficient organization under your leadership. He narrated that when he was Undersecretary of State handling Latin American affairs he was in a position to review intelligence information on South American countries which was received from the FBI. He stated the assignment of the FBI to get this information was a very difficult task and that the Bureau had been outstanding in the success achieved in this field. He said that some of the information that had come to his attention was invaluable in the execution of his duties. Following his talk and on his contacts with the individual sheriffs he was overheard to continue his highly complimentary remarks of the FBI under your leadership.

AL 80-139

It is recommended that a letter be directed to Mr. ROCKEFELLER expressing appreciation for his statements as noted.

110
See Mr. Rock
to Jones memo
8/15/54

The New York Office should furnish the Bureau with his address, he being located in the territory covered by that Division.

~~Mr. LEONARD HALL~~, whom I believe to have been a former National Chairman of the Republican Party, presently a Republican candidate for Governor of New York State, addressed the members of the Association and their guests at the banquet on the night of August 6. Mr. HALL took cognizance of the presence of Bureau representatives at the gathering and spent several minutes of the time for his talk in laudatory statements about you and the Bureau. Mr. HALL stated that this country was particularly fortunate in having the FBI and its great leader, J. EDGAR HOOVER. He stated that during your entire service in the Bureau over a period of many years you had kept politics out of the FBI and you had served under both Republicans and Democrats with never a tinge of politics being exhibited in the work of the Bureau. He stated it was unfortunate that the present Governor of New York has not had a nonpolitical approach to handling the problems of crime such as that followed by the FBI. He pointed out that recently there had been created in the State Police an organization referred to as "A Little FBI" and he sincerely hoped they would truly pattern themselves after the FBI and never allow politics to enter the picture in any way in connection with their work and activities. Mr. HALL spoke at some length holding up the FBI as the epitome of nonpolitical efficient law enforcement.

It is recommended that a letter of appreciation be directed to Mr. HALL for the comments which he made relative to you, your administration of the Bureau, and the Bureau.

110
See Mr. Rock
to Jones memo
8/15/54

The New York Office will furnish the Bureau the address to which a letter to Mr. HALL should be directed inasmuch as he resides in the territory covered by that office.

Whereas, the New York State Sheriffs' Association, the New York State Association of Chiefs of Police, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation have, since the year 1945, jointly sponsored a training program for law enforcement officers which is known as "The New York State Long-Range Police Training Program", and

Whereas, the F.B.I. provides a full complement of instructors for every training school conducted under such program, most of whom are Special Agents of the F.B.I. especially trained and qualified to teach the course assigned to them, and

Whereas, the schools are conducted throughout the State of New York at the convenience of the Sheriff or Chief of Police, or both, and without any cost or charge of any kind to this Association, or to the Chiefs Association, or to the sub-division of government served, or to any peace officer who attends a school, and

Whereas, this Association, through its Law Enforcement Training Committee, has a voice in planning the overall program of training, and members of such Committee meet regularly with representatives of the other two sponsors for such purpose, and

Whereas, a Sheriff or Chief desiring to have a school conducted is permitted, within proper limits, to help design the course of training to be provided, and

Whereas, the F.B.I. is ever willing to provide, as instructors at such schools, persons qualified to teach certain courses who are not associated with the Bureau, and in fact has done so on innumerable occasions, and

Whereas, as years pass, more Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police have taken advantage of the program provided, which has resulted in expanding the scope of the program and, as a consequence, increasing both the number of schools conducted yearly and the attendance at such schools, and

94-6-254-328

Whereas, during the calendar year 1957 alone, 231 separate schools were conducted under said program, of 17 different types, with a total attendance of 8,119 peace officers, and

Whereas, the attendance at the schools (up to January 1st, of this year) has exceeded 68,000, and

Whereas, such program of training has demonstrated its worth and value, and

Whereas, the F.B.I. and the Chiefs Association are both willing to continue, with this Association, to jointly sponsor such program, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, that this Association express its thanks and appreciation to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover and to his Association, and be it further

Resolved, that this Association continue to co-sponsor said program, and be it further

Resolved, that this Association make known its pleasure with both the instructors at such schools and the type of instruction afforded at same, and be it further

Resolved, that it is the hope of this Association that more Sheriff's Departments avail themselves of the training afforded at schools conducted under said program, and be it further

Resolved, that copies of this Resolution be sent to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover and to each of the three Special Agents in Charge of F.B.I. divisions in this State, and to the New York State Association of Chiefs of Police, as a record of the action taken by this Association.

Dated: August 6, 1958, at Syracuse, New York

NEW YORK STATE SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION

Resolutions Committee

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. BOARDMAN
FROM : A. H. BELMONT
SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON BROADCAST
JULY 9, 1955

DATE: July 11, 1955

61-R

ABG

15

— Posth

Tolson _____
Baldwin _____
Metcalfe _____
Belvoir _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen Tamm _____
Sizoo _____
Winetka Tele. Room Holloman _____
Goody _____

On this broadcast Pearson made the following comments of possible interest to the FBI:

1. The Navy has broken up a shocking dope ring within its own ranks. Fifty servicemen and civilians including Naval pilots have been arrested for smuggling narcotics into the country from Puerto Rico and Cuba. Some Navy men have cleaned up an estimated quarter of a million dollars in illegal dope traffic.

COMMENT:

None.

2. At Geneva twelve Secret Service men are inspecting President Eisenhower's villa with a fine tooth comb to preclude the installation of hidden microphones.

COMMENT:

None.

3. Senator Knowland had a thorough physical examination after Senator Lyndon Johnson's heart attack. He was found to be OK.

COMMENT:

None.

4. If the Yangtze River goes on a rampage again, as it is threatening to do, it might cause a revolution in China.

COMMENT:

None.

RECORDED-99

INDEXED-99

94-8-350-707X

~~62 911-21~~

27 JUL 15 1955

SHF:bloDEx

(2)

cc - LBNichols
LVBoardman
AHBelmont
2 - SHFuehrer
cc - 77-66016 (Wood)

OCT 24 1955 (am)
6-6 JCT 211055

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

5. Foreign Minister Fawzi (phonetic) of Egypt warned Secretary Dulles that one more shooting incident along the Gaza strip would mean general war between Egypt and Israel.

COMMENT:

None.

6. Secretary of Treasury Humphrey has privately warned that Congress must raise the debt ceiling otherwise Government salaries may have to be held up for thirty days.

COMMENT:

None.

7. ~~Facts Forum~~, right wing propaganda outfit in Texas, is losing its financial angel H. L. Hunt, oil millionaire and friend of Joe McCarthy.

COMMENT:

None.

8. Some Democrat leaders are not happy about Senator Kefauver's delving into the big banking connections close to the White House that put across Dixon-Yates. They don't want him to get any headlines that would help him toward the presidential nomination in 1956.

COMMENT:

None.

9. Senator Morse of Oregon intends to delve into the early background of Louis Wolfson, especially the \$200,000 given by him (Wolfson) to Governor Fuller Warren of Florida as a campaign contribution. Senator Morse wants to know where Wolfson got it.

COMMENT:

None.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

10. Congressman Boyle of Illinois is demanding a complete investigation of the Galveston, Texas, grain scandal (which I exposed last February) when Governor Shivers' former campaign manager, Eli Thornton, was excused from prosecution after Governor Shivers had lunched with "Ike."

COMMENT: TEC

The Bureau indices are negative on Eli Thornton. You have been advised previously that this was a Department of Agriculture investigation in which the Bureau had no investigative responsibilities or interest.

11. Chief booster of Senator McCarthy in Wisconsin, ex-Congressman Charles Kirsten (phonetic), has just been appointed to a \$50 a day job with the White House.

COMMENT:

None.

12. Secretary Benson would not clear Wolf Ladejinsky as a security risk until after vigorous private pressure from Press Secretary Jim Hagerty, Nelson Rockefeller and Max Raab. Rockefeller had received a letter from Senator Humphreys of Minnesota that if the Administration did not clear Ladejinsky the Senate would air the whole question publicly.

COMMENT:

None.

13. Krushchev, at a Canadian Embassy dinner, slyly suggested that Russia could always get along with Canada and Britain.

COMMENT:

None.

14. The American Embassy at Bonn, Germany, has warned that a wave of neutralism is sweeping West Germany with the hope of making a deal with Russia toward uniting Germany.

COMMENT:

None.

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

15. President Eisenhower has secretly advised Prime Minister Nehru of India that the Big Four at Geneva would not attempt to solve Asiatic problems without Asiatics being represented.

COMMENT:

None.

Olivia C. I.P. D.C.

16. Newsweek killed a story that might have embarrassed Secretary of Health Hobby. Secretary Hobby refused to be interviewed on radio program "Reporter's Roundup" unless she knew the questions in advance. She finally consented to be interviewed without foreknowledge of the questions after the Program threatened to interview her chief critic, Senator Morse. Vincent Astor and Roland Harriman, Wall Street banker, own Newsweek. Harriman is the brother of Governor Averell Harriman of New York who is also a stockholder but can't seem to influence policy.

COMMENT:

None.

17. If Senators were really interested in the connections of ex-Congressman John Wood of Georgia, now appointed to a very high position in the Eisenhower administration, with the Ku Klux Klan they could easily query the Grand Dragon of the Klan in Atlanta. He would doubtless tell them the facts.

COMMENT:

Pearson has made Mr. Wood the subject of several newspaper articles, broadcasts and telecasts. The Bureau files do not contain a record of KKK membership for Mr. Wood and the Special Inquiry investigation we conducted failed to develop any information to substantiate same. This information was forwarded to the Department and the White House on May 9, 1955.

18. Mr. Truman will go to Europe and will visit Israel in the Fall.

COMMENT:

None.

Pearson made the following predictions:

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

1. The Senate will investigate lax narcotic enforcement in the nation's capital. Senate hearings will reveal that Washington's General Hospital is using its dope addict's ward as a storeroom.

Pearson's other predictions dealt solely with the approaching Big Four Conference and are summarized as follows:

2. At the Four Power Conference in Geneva, Russia will make gestures to reduce the Russian Army to the size of the United States. Russia will make some kind of offer to admit United Nations' inspectors behind the Iron Curtain to check on disarmaments; also, to withdraw its troops from East Germany and to unify Germany after supposedly free elections; also, to use its influence on Red China to keep peace in the Far East. Russia will promise to pull the Red Army out of Czechoslovakia and Hungary at no fixed date. In turn, Russia will demand that the United States dismantle its bases in Turkey, North Africa, France and Germany and will also demand the withdrawal of occupation troops to the United States; the evacuation of Americans from Formosa and the reopening of strategic trade with Iron Curtain countries. The Big Four meetings will result in additional conferences on a lower level and will, in general, lessen tensions.

Pearson announced that he was going to Geneva to report on the Big Four meeting.

✓ ~~x~~ JR
JAN 8
JAN 8

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : L. V. Boardman

DATE: June 11, 1956

FROM : A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: ~~RE: FBI BRIEFING AND PLANS~~
STATION TWO 7:45 P.M. JUNE 9, 1956

The following items of possible broad interest were mentioned:

Item: Naples; Communist agents causing American sailors to find out where Sixth Fleet stores its atomic bombs.

Comments: None.

Item: Federal agents have traced some of Brink's money to a race truck in Rhode Island. There also have been clues the Brink's robbers have been working on bookmakers in New York, until capture in Baltimore.

Comments: Bureau has no information to this effect.*

Item: New York; Former Governor Thomas Dewey has finally rejected bid to run against Senator (Herbert) Lehman. New York Dept. license will draft Nelson Rockefeller.

Comments: None.

Item: Oxford, Mississippi; Five professors from University of Mississippi have resigned largely because of suppression of free speech on race issue.

Comments: None.

Item: McComb, Mississippi; Judge Hanford Simons (pn) is determined there will be no miscarriage of justice in trials of four white men accused of kidnapping and raping a 16-year-old negro girl.

Comments: None.

INDEXED - 15
RECORDED - 15

94-8-350-793

Item: Moscow; American Embassy has advised White House Russians may be sincere in their campaign to manufacture 1958 in West.

Comments: None.

cc: L. V. Boardman

Hurley

* Jordan Perry, arrested in Baltimore 3/56, after he had passed a \$100,000 Brinks loot.

and to

Memo for Mr. Boardman

Item: Fresno; Robert Kennedy of Senate Investigating Committee is investigating activity of Murray Chotiner in switch of TV license from Station KARI to Station KFBE, after Federal Communications Commission ruled in favor of KARI.

Comments: None.

Item: Philadelphia; One of Murray Chotiner's late clients, Marco Reginelli, former South Jersey racketeer, was given funeral with pomp and circumstance, but without blessing of Catholic church. Angelo Bruno, reported successor to Reginelli, warned by Police Commissioner Tom Gibbons to keep away from Philadelphia.

Comments: Reginelli was head of "Greaser Gang" in "the mob" which controlled book making and gambling in Camden, N.J., and South Philadelphia. He died 5/23/56 in Baltimore. Chotiner represented him in the clothing procurement investigation by the Senate Permanent Investigating Committee.

Item: Washington; Congratulations to Postmaster General Summerfield for cracking down on racket involved in sending unopened, over-priced Bibles C.C.B. to families which had suffered a death.

PLACEMENTS OF THINGS TO C.G.B:

Jack Porter, Republican National Committee from Texas will be subpoenaed for appearance in Washington to explain letter demanding cash contributions to Republican Party from Federal job-holders in Texas.

Comments: Jack Porter is E. J. Porter of Houston, Texas. Pearson made a similar charge in a broadcast of 10/30/54. A. B. Hansen Olney III, by memo 11/16/54, after reviewing same charge in Pearson's column 1/1/54, said there appeared to be no jurisdiction for investigation by the Bureau.

✓ ✓ ✓ ✓

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

DATE: February 2, 1959

FROM : MR. A. H. BELMONT

Tolson
Nichols
Brennan
Belmont
Mohr
Patterson
Harriman
Felt
Tavel
Tamm
Tamm
Tamm
Holloman
Gandy

SUBJECT: DREW BELMONT RADIO BROADCAST
STATION WTOP; WASHINGTON, D. C.
6:45 P. M., FEBRUARY 1, 1958

The following items of possible interest were noted:

ITEM:

Capitol Hill exclusive: Vice President Nixon has objected to visit Moscow to take the heat out of Russian demands that Eisenhower agree to a summit conference. Nixon wants to fly to Russia this spring to talk with Khrushchev about easing tensions. Nixon pictures his trip as a sort of half-way summit meeting aimed at testing Khrushchev's intent. If Khrushchev does indicate that he is ready to do business then Nixon would recommend that Eisenhower agree to a summit meeting this summer. Nixon's plan is an ambitious one aimed at dramatizing his own role as an international negotiator. He is definitely ready to go ahead, especially since Ambassador Harcubin last week invited him to visit Moscow.

COMMITTEE:

For your information.

ITEM:

Washington: The Justice Department will file a complaint to deport Joe Iarisi, the racket leader of Teamsters Local 87, New York. Attorney General James McGranery picked Iarisi for deportation exactly five years ago, but his successors in the Justice Department have been moving very very slowly regarding these racketeer charges.

CC: 12/27:

For your information.

J.W. mje
(9)

Boardman

REC-98

94-8-350-919

Memorandum to Boardman
Re: DEW PEARSON TRADES BUD DODGE

ITEM:

The Citadel, Charleston, South Carolina: General ~~WILLIAM~~
has let it be known he is ready and willing to take over as Director of
Central Intelligence. Director Allen Dulles however has been ~~asked~~
about this and he has no intention of resigning.

COMMENT:

For your information.

ITEM:

Athens: The latest outbreak on Cyprus were not caused by Greek patriots but by the communist underground. ... The British
will set to negotiate peace terms with the new British Governor Sir Hugh
Foot who wanted to bring back Arch-bishop Makarios but the communists
started riots in order to upset the cart.

COMMENT:

For your information.

ITEM:

Inside the White House: President Eisenhower and Vice
President Nixon had a disagreement over, among all people, ~~SECRET~~
It happened when ~~Eric~~ Johnston went to the White House with Mr. Nixon
to talk about foreign aid. Aid for foreign nations has become
increasingly unpopular and Eisenhower had asked Johnston to head up a
committee to mobilize public opinion to put pressure on Congress
in Congress. Johnston proposed a huge bi-partisan meeting with some of the
most important leaders in America. At the mention of Truman's name
Eisenhower almost blew a gasket. Sherman Adams conceded that the
foreign situation was not so bad that they had to call on Truman. Vice
President Nixon argued that Truman should be invited; however, Eisenhower
refused to budge.

COMMENT:

For your information.

Memorandum to Chairman

Re: DUSTY LEAVISON, ADDED PREDICTOR

ITEM:

Ankara: John Foster Dulles is so far out on a limb in opposing a summit meeting that Eisenhower is almost certain to bow him off.

COMMENT:

For your information.

ITEM:

Prediction number one: I predict another hike in the national debt ceiling. Eisenhower has underestimated the cost of the missile program. I predict he will have to go back to Congress before the end of the year and call for another five billion dollars. This could boost the debt limit twenty billion dollars above what it was when Eisenhower entered the White House on a campaign for government economy.

COMMENT:

For your information.

ITEM:

Prediction number two: Can a billionaire win in national politics? In New York the son of one of the wealthiest families in the world, Nelson Rockefeller is being groomed to run for Governor of New York on the Republican ticket. So here is my prediction. Rockefeller, who has a lot more money than Harriman, will run and will be nominated. In the final election however, I predict Harriman will defeat Rockefeller.

COMMENT:

For your information.

ITEM:

Prediction number three: The future of Senator Byrd of Virginia. Rumors persist that Senator Byrd may retire. Founder and owner of the biggest apple orchard in the world, it is still leader in the Senate.

Memorandum to Boardman
Re: DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST

my prediction: Senator Byrd will deny that he is going to retire from the Senate. Despite these denials I predict he will announce his intention to withdraw on or about April 15, the last day for filing. He'll wait until the last minute because he doesn't want any other candidate to get into the race except his son Harry Byrd, Jr., who at the very last minute will file. He will replace his father if on it's too late for anyone to oppose him.

COMMENT:

For your information.

ITALY:

Final prediction: The next Arab move in the near East. I was in Damascus last summer the Syrian strong man General Tariq made a prediction which I should have used but I didn't quite believe it. He predicted that within a short time Syria and Egypt would unite, and become a common country under one president. Last week Tariq's prediction came true. Now, I'm going to make a prediction: Syria and Egypt now under Colonel Nasser have a lot in common but one thing they very much need in order to become a completely united country is a common border. Their countries do not touch anywhere. So here is my prediction: To get that common border Syria and Egypt, both supplied with Russian arms, will later, not right away, settle a truce on both Israel and the sickly kingdom of Jordan in order to unite their countries geographically. This will confront the United States with a very serious test of the Eisenhower doctrine and the potentiality of war.

COMMENT:

For your information.

X V

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. Belmont ^{Attn: 1}
1 - Belmont
1 - Branigan
1 - DeLoach
1 - Rosen
1 - Donohoe
1 - Campbell
FROM : W. A. Branigan ^{W.A.}
SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST
STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D.C.
6:45 P.M., JUNE 13, 1959

DATE: June 15, 1959

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
DeLoach _____
McGuire _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

M. J. P.
No mention was made of the Director or the FBI during the captioned broadcast. Following are items of general interest:

ITEM: CAPITOL HILL

The man who carried the ball for ex-Congressman Brooks Hays of Arkansas in the fight to unseat Congressman Dale Alford, the write-in candidate, was John Wells who prints a weekly newspaper in Little Rock, the "Arkansas Recorder." Wells is a strong segregationist but believes in fair play at the election polls. Some of the evidence developed by him shows that the stickers for the write-in candidate were delivered inside the ballot boxes when they reached the polling booths. Mr. Wells also developed the fact that Governor Faubus made a midnight trip to see Sheriff Marlin Hawkins of Conway County to tell him "Alford is going to run and you're going to deliver the votes for him." Sheriff Hawkins, however, refused to knuckle under. Congressman Alford claims that he and his wife made up their minds at the breakfast table that he was going to run for Congress, yet, Governor Faubus had already pulled Sheriff Hawkins out of bed in the middle of the night to tell him Alford would be the write-in candidate.

COMMENT:

Based upon information furnished by [REDACTED] regarding the 11/4/58 federal elections in Arkansas, we conducted two full investigations.

Results of the investigation captioned "Unknown Subjects: Possible Violation of Section 612, Title 18, U.S. CODE, Arkansas Fifth Congressional District, General Election, 11/4/58 - Election Laws" (prohibition of distribution of campaign literature regarding a federal candidate which is not identified as to source) went to a Grand Jury at Little Rock, Arkansas, during the week of 6/1/59. The Grand Jury failed to take any action. REC-92 94-8-550-1000

b7c
b7d
The other investigation, captioned "Alleged Irregularities, Arkansas, Fifth Congressional District, General Election 11/4/58 - [REDACTED] Complainant - Election Laws - Conspiracy" (involving alleged irregularities in casting and counting of ballots) has been completed. The report was received on 6/11/59 and transmitted to

REC-92
(8)

5-COK

Memorandum: Branigan to Belmont
Re: Drew Pearson Radio Broadcast
Station WTOP, Washington, D.C.
6:45 P.M., June 13, 1959

the Department on 6/12/59. It is noted we conducted preliminary investigation on irregularities alleged by [redacted] to have taken place in seven precincts. The Department authorized above-captioned full investigation pertaining to four precincts.

b7c
b7d

ITEM: LITTLE ROCK

Governor Faubus of Arkansas now appears to be turning anti-Catholic. Catholic leaders in Little Rock are determined to keep their schools open.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM: CAPITOL HILL

Vice President Nixon is simply furious over the announcement that Milton Eisenhower, the President's brother, will accompany him to Moscow. Nixon suspects the White House deliberately included Milton on the trip in order to divert the headlines away from him. Nixon is convinced that Jim Hagerty and Tom Stephens (Secretary to the President) of the White House are secretly boosting Governor Nelson Rockefeller for President.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM: BEHIND THE SCENES IN THE DIPLOMATIC CORP

Here is the inside story of why Vice Chancellor Erhard visited Washington last week. Erhard, I can reveal, made the trip to find out whether it was true that the White House and State Department both were opposed to his succeeding Chancellor Adenauer. Erhard had picked up information in Germany that

Memorandum: Branigan to Belmont
Re: Drew Pearson Radio Broadcast
Station WTOP, Washington, D.C.
6:45 P.M., June 13, 1959

Adenauer was about to change his mind and stay on as Chancellor, mainly because Eisenhower was against Erhard. During his talks here Erhard checked furiously on this rumor and was assured repeatedly it was not true. But just as he was about to relax, Adenauer suddenly announced he would remain as Chancellor. Erhard now suspects he was being led down the garden path by Eisenhower and the State Department; that they were not telling him the truth, and he is determined to become the next Chancellor of West Germany regardless of either Adenauer or Eisenhower.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM: BEHIND THE SCENES WITH THE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES

The Lyndon Johnson ticket for 1960 will be Johnson for President, Senator Humphrey for Vice President, Adlai Stevenson, Secretary of State, and Senator Kennedy the majority leader of the Senate. Senator Symington of Missouri has started campaigning for the presidential nomination in earnest. His unofficial campaign manager is Clark Clifford, legal advisor to Truman and he has already sounded out Senator Hart of Michigan, a very fine man, about running for Vice President on the Symington ticket. Hart is a Catholic.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM: PREDICTION

Is there a link between Fidel Castro of Cuba and Dictator Nasser of Egypt? On 3/22/59 after touring the Caribbean, I reported that Fidel Castro fancies himself the "Nasser of the Caribbean," and I predicted he would move to invade Panama to take over eventually the Panama Canal. On 4/22/59 Castro's brother did send an expedition to Panama though unsuccessfully. So here is a further prediction - The right hand man of Fidel Castro is Ernesto Guevara, an Argentine, who has been very close to the Communist Party, and I predict that very soon Guevara will go on a special mission to Egypt as the guest of Colonel Nasser to study the techniques by which Nasser took over the Suez Canal.

Memorandum: Branigan to Belmont
Re: Drew Pearson Radio Broadcast
Station WTOP, Washington, D.C.
6:45 P.M., June 13, 1959

COMMENT:

We have received reports concerning Guevara's pro-communist sympathies.

Ar

V

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN *WCS*

DATE: November 27, 1961

FROM : R. O. L'ALLIER

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST
STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D. C.
6:45 P.M., 11-25-61

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Malone _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Ingram _____
 Gandy _____

No mention was made of the Director or the FBI during this broadcast. Jack Anderson substituted for Pearson, who is on the West Coast. Briefly, some of his comments were as follows:

MASSACHUSETTS CAMPAIGN:

Both Ted Kennedy, the President's younger brother, and Ed McCormack, nephew of the Congressman, are expected to seek Democratic nomination for the U.S. Senate in 1962. However, the President may ask his brother not to oppose young McCormack in order to avoid jeopardizing the President's legislative program by antagonizing Congressman McCormack, who is slated to be the next Speaker of the House. McCormack has already made it clear that he will back his nephew no matter who runs against him.

STATE DEPARTMENT:

President Kennedy is alarmed at the tremendous work load which Secretary Dean Rusk has carried with no vacation whatsoever. As a result, the President has ordered Rusk to get some rest before he collapses from overwork.

1964 CANDIDATES:

Republican opponents of Richard M. Nixon for Governor of California have suddenly abandoned their criticism of him. Since the Rockefeller divorce plans were announced, Nixon may be the man the Republicans will nominate against President Kennedy in 1964.

ACTION:

None. For information.

EX-105
REG-28

94-8-25-1148

JF:jad (7)
 1-Belmont; 1-Sullivan
 1-DeLoach; 1-Evans
 1-Liaison; 1-Foarde

N.W.M.

NOV 28 1961

CRIME RESEARCH

64 DEC 1 1961

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: December 26, 1961

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

- 1 - Belmont
- 1 - Sullivan
- 1 - DeLoach
- 1 - Rosen
- 1 - Branigan
- 1 - Taylor

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST
STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D. C.
6:45 P.M., DECEMBER 23, 1961

Mr. Pearson did not mention the Director or the FBI during this broadcast. Briefly, some of his comments were the following:

State Department

Archie Moore, the Negro boxer, has turned down a State Department request to tour Africa. He had been urged to win friends and influence people for the USA in this vital part of the world, but said no.

Berlin

The Central Intelligence Agency has warned urgently that the lid is about to blow off East Germany. The populace is near the breaking point over the barring of its escape route and the shortage of goods from the West. For the East Germans this will be the bleakest Christmas since World War II. They are desperate enough, according to the Central Intelligence Agency, to do something drastic which could threaten world peace.

Justice Department

Attorney General Kennedy has suggested to his old boss, Senator McClellan of Arkansas, that the Senate Rackets Committee subpoena cabaret proprietors from Chicago, Baltimore and other night life cities to check on gambling, white slavery and narcotics.

Miami

Attorney General Kennedy is keeping his eye on Miami Beach where the big-time gamblers have flocked for the winter.

Boston 8-187

EX-113 REC-6 94-350-112

75. About 50 revenue agents have arrived in the Boston area to dig into the Goldfine scandal and certain big-wigs to whom Goldfine paid money.

4 JAN 4 1962

~~BST 65 (7)~~

SENT DIRECT

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan
Re: DREW PEARSON RADIO BROADCAST
STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D. C.
6:45 P.M., DECEMBER 23, 1961

Political Front

Governor Nelson ~~Rockefeller~~, meeting with New York Republican leaders recently, gave the appearance of a man who is not going to run for re-election as Governor. He looked tired, discouraged, almost pathetic. He went through the motions of getting the Republican Party ready for the next session in Albany, but acted as if his heart was not in it. Despite denials, his friends will not be surprised if he bows out of the governorship after this term.

Behind the Scenes in the Diplomatic Corps - Budapest

The American Legation has finally advised against accepting the Hungarian Government's deal to allow Cardinal Mindszenty to go free if United States will agree to better relations. The Embassy believes the deal would dishearten anticommunists behind the Iron Curtain.

Predictions

Pearson predicts Jimmy Hoffa will launch a campaign to organize white collar workers of the air lines beginning in Miami. Air line clerks are a long way from being teamsters, but Hoffa will start organizing them anyway.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

pp wls *ad dp v.kmpc*

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

December 10, 1941

TIME: 3:20 PM.

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Eros	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Eros	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Nichols	
Miss Gandy	

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

At this time Mr. Archibald MacLeish telephoned and asked that the writer take the following information for the Director's consideration. He stated he did not wish to talk to an assistant, but merely wished to leave some information for Mr. Hoover.

Mr. MacLeish said Mr. Hoover would recall that yesterday they discussed about expanding the committee for discussion of the question of the safeguarding of information in government releases. Mr. MacLeish said that after thought on the matter he would like to suggest someone from Colonel Donovan's organization be added; that the Colonel has suggested Robert Sherwood. He said other men he would like to add are Nelson Rockefeller, Lowell Mellett, Ferdinand Kuhn, the Special Assistant to the Secretary of the Treasury who was for twelve years the New York Times representative in Paris and is a very high type of journalist; that if possible he would like to include the information men from the Army and Navy, namely; Admiral Hepburn and General Surles.

RECORDED & INDEXED

12-12756-160

Mr. MacLeish indicated that he realizes that this is a rather large group but he feels that for proper and comprehensive coverage these men should be included on the committee. He said he would like to get Mr. Hoover's approval and comments on this.

Mr. MacLeish also stated that he feels that the radio and press people should be represented and their views should be obtained on the subject of self censorship which will soon be a "hot" matter. Mr. MacLeish said it would be relatively easy to contact the radio people and it has been suggested to him that everyone get together who are on the sub-committee and get the representatives of the various chains to sit in and voice their thoughts. Mr. MacLeish said the meeting could be at 2:30 PM; that a meeting of the small committee as it now exists would be sufficient; namely, Mr. Hoover, Captain Wilkinson, General Miles, and Mr. MacLeish. This committee would meet and hear the views of the people of the radio services. Mr. MacLeish said that after Mr. Hoover had had time to consider the matter he would appreciate a call or word could be

CH-2

left with his secretary.

Mr. MacLeish was advised that his message would be given to Mr. Hoover as soon as possible and he would be called later in the afternoon. He indicated that the matter was not pressing and that a call anytime this afternoon would be quite all right.

Respectfully,

W. H. Marr
William H. Marr

CC. - Mr. Clegg

FROM:

TO:

LIST:
NoneDate of letter (or postmark if letter undated):
Oct. 30, 1942

To be photographed:

No

To whom photograph is to be sent:

None

DISPOSAL OF
ORIGINAL COMMUN
ICATION:

Previous relevant records:

For interoffice use by A. C.
or D. C. only:

None

Station distribution:

Nov. 15, 1942

Jamaica

Trinidad

D.R.

Balboa

Cristobal

2 - FBI local

Held (H).

Released (R) R

Condemned (C).

Returned
to sender (RS).

Or sent with comment to

Language:

English

Previously censored by:

None

DR
use
onlyDivision
(or Section)

Table

Examiner

D. A. C.

Exam.
dateTyping
date

Personal 506/3 a/a 1972 4850 4433 Nov. 8, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 JE

COMMENT

AD-R

Mr. Alden

AG

Mr. Carson

BEW

Mr. Cunningham

BF

BR-1

BP

CAA

CAN

CCC

CIAA

COI

COM

CPC

DL

ED

FBI-1

FCC

FR

FSA

FTC

IMM

INT

JSM

LC

MC

MEW

MID-7

ONI-1

OPA

PO

RFC

SC-1

SD

T-1

WPE

1C-1

14

111-10

111-11

111-12

111-13

111-14

111-15

111-16

111-17

111-18

111-19

111-20

111-21

111-22

111-23

111-24

111-25

111-26

111-27

111-28

111-29

111-30

111-31

111-32

111-33

111-34

111-35

111-36

111-37

111-38

111-39

111-40

111-41

111-42

111-43

111-44

111-45

111-46

111-47

111-48

111-49

111-50

111-51

111-52

111-53

111-54

111-55

111-56

111-57

111-58

111-59

111-60

111-61

111-62

111-63

111-64

111-65

111-66

111-67

111-68

111-69

111-70

111-71

111-72

111-73

111-74

111-75

111-76

111-77

111-78

111-79

111-80

111-81

111-82

111-83

111-84

111-85

111-86

111-87

111-88

111-89

111-90

111-91

111-92

111-93

111-94

111-95

111-96

111-97

111-98

111-99

111-100

111-101

111-102

111-103

111-104

111-105

111-106

111-107

111-108

111-109

111-110

111-111

111-112

111-113

111-114

111-115

111-116

111-117

111-118

111-119

111-120

111-121

111-122

111-123

111-124

111-125

111-126

111-127

111-128

111-129

111-130

111-131

111-132

111-133

111-134

111-135

111-136

111-137

111-138

111-139

111-140

Mail No.

Sea (S)
Air (A)
Land (L)

Registered No. None

Serial No. None

Page 2 of 2 p

FROM:

[REDACTED]

TO:

[REDACTED]
Panama
Republic of Panama

LIST: None

Date of letter (or postmark if letter undated):

To be photographed:

To whom photograph is to be sent:

DISPOSAL OF
ORIGINAL COMMUNICATION:

Previous relevant records:

For interoffice use by A. C. or D. C. only:

Station distribution:

Held (H).

Language:

Previously censored by:

Released (R).

Condemned (C).

Returned to sender (RS).

Or sent with comment to

DR use only	Division (or Section)	Table	Examiner	D. A. C.	Exam. date	Typing date
	Personal	506/3	s/s 4972	4850	4433	Nov. 8, 1942 Nov. 15, 1942 JE

COMMENT

AD-R

AG

BEW

BF

BR

BP

CAA

CAN

CCC

CIAA

COI

COM

CPC

DL

ED

FBI

FCC

FR

FSA

FTC

IMM

INT

JSM

LC

MC

MEW

MID

ONI

OPA

PO

RFC

SC

SD

T

WPB

EXAMINER'S NOTE: [REDACTED] is reported to be very suspicious, with a racket of getting merchants to pay for him and his brother's supposed influence with the U.S. Gov't, Nelson Rockefeller, etc. in getting shipments expedited. He is alleged to have used influence to get release of German internees and is seen with a pro-nazi woman thought to be a spy. He and his brother are reported to be shrewd buyers and easy prey to anyone offering to promote his interests. They, together with [REDACTED] an American citizen of doubtful character, have formed a partnership known as Pan American Sales Corps, apparently engaged in import of goods from U.S.

Enclosures: 1 note

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

PEF:ATW

August 23, 1940

Mr. Tolson

Mr. E. A. Tamm

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Quinn

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Quinn

He said that the main reason for his call at the Bureau this morning was that he was sending "an economic commission" to South America in the immediate future. He has been furnished with the names of German representatives of American concerns in South America. His Economic Commission will contact these German representatives for the purpose of determining just how they are doing business. At the same time, they will determine the possibilities for the business now done by the Germans being taken over by American representatives. They are to contact the various members of the United States Diplomatic Corps in the various countries and, otherwise, get a "bird's-eye view" of the situation existing. He believes that they will not be gone more than sixty days and will visit each country during that period of time. He intends to start his men right after September 1st.

Rockefeller felt that it would be of inestimable value if he could secure a representative from the Bureau to be a member of the Commission. It would not be advisable for his true identity to be known. The two representatives whom he has selected are Peter Douglas, Export Manager of the Otis Elevator Company, and Thomas S. Gates, Jr. who is at present a partner in Drexel and Company, Philadelphia.

Rockefeller felt that Douglas was probably the best informed man in this country on Latin American psychology. His father was the President of the Southern Pacific Railway in Mexico for many years and Douglas is thoroughly familiar with the Central and South American countries. ~~Presley~~ was formerly a J. P. Morgan Company affiliate. Gates' father is President of the University of Pennsylvania. The other member would be a Special Agent of the FBI. Subsequent to my conversation with you, I told Rockefeller that an Agent would be designated. Several names will be furnished you.

Rockefeller also told me that to promote the commercial relations, he proposed to form a holding company here in the United States and then a development company in each of the Latin American republics, the development company, so far as possible, to be financed in the country in which located. This proposition would be to promote trade with the United States in whatever manner possible. These are tentative plans. He also has made arrangements with George Gallup to start an ~~Institute of Public Opinion~~ in South America. This is still in the tentative stage, but Gallup has agreed. Gallup is now making a survey of the possibility of such an Institute of Public Opinion and Rockefeller expects to have his report soon. Of course, an ideal cover for any of our men would be with such an organization as the Institute of Public Opinion. Rockefeller said that he would be very glad to help us in giving our men with either the Institute of Public Opinion or with a company if we so desired and thought that we would be

of much value and assistance to him in connection with both propositions. He pointed out that in the Gallup surveys, it was intended to sound out the Latin American countries on their attitude toward the various foreign governments and their tendencies and that through very carefully selected questions, we might be able to gain much information. He suggested that we might even want to write the questions and indicated that he would go along with us in anything we wanted to do. He didn't explain to me the details of the developing company's finances. He did tell me that it would be necessary to subsidize the Institute of Public Opinion although the financial backing was not to be called a subsidy as the government people objected to it being a ^{GALLUP} subsidy. He thought at the same time that after a period of time, Gallup's work might be made self sustaining.

I told him we would like to take advantage of his offer on both projects. He told me that he had already initiated arrangements with the motion picture companies and radio companies to utilize their services. Further, he was working on cable companies and other concerns. Rockefeller seemed very enthusiastic about his work and seemed to have some rather definite ideas as to how he was going to approach the problem. I think that he can be of considerable value to us in the work we are undertaking and at the same time at least the information which we obtain concerning propaganda and similar matters would be of considerable assistance to him. Therefore, in line with my conversation with you this morning, I will keep in close touch with him.

Respectfully,



P. E. Foxworth

I want to work very
closely with him.

PEF:ATW

62-71110-X

August 24, 1940

RECORDED

Mr. Nelson A. Rockefeller, Coordinator
Commercial and Cultural Relations
between American Republics
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rockefeller:

In line with the conversation which you had with Mr. Foxworth of my office concerning the cooperation of the Rockefeller Foundation in the special work which we are undertaking, I am enclosing herewith copies of correspondence exchanged between Mr. Raymond B. Fosdick of the Rockefeller Foundation and myself, which I thought would be of interest to you.

I was happy indeed to learn that your organization and ours will work closely together in the special work which we are now performing in connection with the American Republics.

Upon my return to Washington, I am looking forward with anticipation to the opportunity of a visit with you.

With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

pg/LFP

SP 5

19/86

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

PER : ATW

August 30, 1940

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

RE: ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR COORDINATION OF COMMERCIAL AND CULTURAL RELATIONS BETWEEN AMERICAN REPUBLICS

I conferred with Mr. Nelson Rockefeller, Percy Douglas, Mr. Lockwood and Mr. Estate today concerning the South American trip of his Economic Commission. The primary object of the Economic Commission is to determine the following things:

1. American concerns who are represented by German agents in South American countries.
2. The feasibility of transferring German agencies of American firms to native agencies, American agencies, or preferably an agency of dual representation.
3. A list of German employees of American production and transportation companies.
4. The Pro-German, Italian, etc. tendencies of said employees or agencies of American firms. (That is they want something definite and tangible which could be presented to the United States managements to persuade them to effect the desired changes in personnel).
5. What might be done so far as the setting up in each country of a 4 or 5 man commission to watch for possibilities of American capital investment. To report on the desirability of loans and other matters of interest looking toward the ultimate formation of a development company in each country similar to the one Nelson Rockefeller is now operating in Colombia.

81
of American representatives

Memorandum for the Director

- 2 -

Other items will undoubtedly be added before the final plans are consummated, but the primary objective at this time is to endeavor to effect the replacement of Germans representing American firms by either natives or the countries in which located or organizations composed of natives and United States interests. In addition, of course, the commission is to secure whatever information it can that would be of value to this country. It is proposed to visit all of the countries. The Commission will leave here on September 15th, the first stop to be probably Guatemala, Mexico to be covered on the way back.

I relayed your conversation concerning diplomatic passports. He says that he will get these if he has to get the President to assist. He is also getting letters of introduction from the Secretary of State to each of the ministers and in addition from the Army and Navy and Military Attachés. No publicity is going to be given to the sending of such a Commission.

The majority of the time was spent on details concerning the trip, itinerary, etc. which have not yet been completed.

Respectfully,



P. F. Foxworth

D. W. A. [initials]



Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

PEF:DAJ

Date September 5, 1941

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Nelson Rockefeller called me this morning, stating that he thought he had the plans worked out for his group and the details settled; that he would like to tell me what they are to see if we had any objection, and if they met with our approval.

First, he said that the State Department was very, very anxious to have a man in the picture; that they didn't interpose any objection to me going nor but they did want one of their own men to go along. As a result of this they have called in one of their men by the name of George Butler, who Rockefeller understands is the head of their Secret Service Division and who is now in Peru. (Incidentally, he mentioned that they were very much interested in Peru as being the strongest Fascist state in South America.) Butler has been in each of the South American countries, speaks Spanish very fluently and is acquainted with numerous persons there. Rockefeller said that he thought this was the happiest solution to the problem - that is to let him go along - that as a matter of fact he didn't have much choice since the State Department had already sent for him.

It would be Rockefeller's idea that Butler go along as a regular State Department representative since he is known to be such in South America. He then wanted to know if I would go along on his payroll as a \$1.00 a year man. I told him I didn't think you would have any objection to that but I was afraid I would have to return the collar to him.

He has arranged for me to get a passport.

K3

Memo for the Director -2- 9-5-40

sending Douglas and Lockwood to my office this morning and they are meeting with Mr. Duggan of the State Department at 12:30 to perfect the final arrangements.

Respectfully,


P. E. Foxworth

make recommendations to the appropriate Government departments and agencies;

(3) be responsible directly to the President, to whom shall submit reports and recommendations with respect to the activities of his office;

(4) review existing laws, coordinate research by the several Federal agencies, and recommend to the Inter-Departmental Committee such new legislation as may be deemed essential to the effective realization of the basic objectives of the Government's program;

(5) be charged with the formulation and the execution of a program in cooperation with the State Department which, by effective use of Governmental and private facilities in such fields as the arts and sciences, education, and travel, the radio, the press, and the cinema will further national defense and strengthen the bonds between the nations of the Western Hemisphere.

Nelson A. Rockefeller is designated as Chairman of the Committee on Cultural Relations between the American Republics.

Henry L. Stimson
Secretary of War

Frank Knox
Secretary of the Navy

Harold L. Ickes
Secretary of the Interior

Henry Wallace
Secretary of Agriculture

Robert H. Wood
Secretary of Commerce

C. V. McCaughan
Acting Secretary of Labor

Approved:

Franklin D. Roosevelt
The White House,

August 16, 1940.

[F. R. Doc. No. 3481. Filed, August 11, 1940, at 10:11 a. m.]

TITLE 46—SHIPPING

CHAPTER 7—BUREAU OF MARINE INSPECTION AND NAVIGATION

REGULATIONS AMENDED

August 21, 1940.

Sections 63.1, 78.1, 97.1, and 116.1, are amended by the addition of the following heading as follows:

“Other floating equipment
with a tonnage
defined by

stallation and inspection of machinery and boilers, lifesaving and fire fighting equipment, construction, and the licensing of officers and manning, as were particularly set forth in full in this subchapter and Subchapters E and F of this title.

Sections 59.11 (1), paragraph 9, 69.9 (1), paragraph 9, are amended by substitution of the number 4 for the number 2 so as to read as follows:

“The use of signal pistol cartridges shall not be permitted for a period not longer than twelve months from the date of manufacture.”

The following miscellaneous items of equipment for the better safety of life at sea have been approved:

1. Life jackets for adults, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

2. Life jackets for life preservers, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

3. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

4. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

5. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

6. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

7. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

8. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

9. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

10. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

11. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

12. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

13. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

14. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

15. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

16. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

17. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

18. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

19. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

20. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

21. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

22. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

23. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

24. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

25. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

26. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

27. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

28. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

29. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

30. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

31. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

32. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

33. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

34. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

35. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

36. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

37. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

38. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

39. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

40. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

41. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

42. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

43. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

44. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

45. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

46. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

47. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

48. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

49. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

50. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

51. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

52. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

53. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

54. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

55. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

56. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

57. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

58. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

59. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

60. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

61. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

62. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

63. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

64. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

65. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

66. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

67. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

68. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

69. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

70. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

71. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

72. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

73. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

74. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

75. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

76. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

77. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

78. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

79. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

80. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

81. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

82. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

83. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

84. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

85. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

86. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

87. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

88. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

89. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

90. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

91. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

92. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

93. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

94. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

95. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

96. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

97. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

98. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

99. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

100. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

101. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

102. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

103. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater, Minnesota.

104. Life jackets for children, type life preserver, H. S. White Manufacturing Company, Stillwater,

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

RPP: W. J.

Date September 1, 1939MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Nelson Rockefeller called and told me that he had just been conferring with some of the State Department officials, who felt that there was no objection to no accompanying his commission. He said that frankly Lockwood and Douglas, who were members of the commission, would prefer the FBI man to go along as they didn't think much of the State Department representative. Rockefeller told Mr. Duggan that he would also like to have an FBI man on the commission and as it stands now Mr. Duggan is going to think it over and is going to have Assistant Secretary Berle talk to you about the matter. Rockefeller stated that he had a feeling if you were to take a stand on the matter all would be well as he understands from conversations at the White House and elsewhere that you have considerable influence with this Government.

Rockefeller himself did not know how much authority he had nor did he know how much authority the State Department had in the matter. He felt, however, that he had everything that the State Department possessed and what he wanted was someone from our organization to go along. He further said that he felt that the matter involved was one that was bigger than any personalities. He said that he would appreciate it a great deal if you would indicate to Mr. Berle that you thought it was all right for an FBI man to go along.

45

During the conversation with Mr. Berle he stated that he wanted to mention something. He thought the real trouble was with the State Department.

Memo for the Director 9-14-40 -2-

which the FBI got and he thought that that was rather
grieving him.

Respectfully,

JL

P. M. Morrow

COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE
COORDINATOR OF COMMERCIAL AND CULTURAL RELATIONS
BETWEEN THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS

STATE DEPARTMENT BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D. C.

October 11, 1940

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover,
Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hockerty:

I take pleasure in letting you know that we have
for the Office of the Black and White Photo-
graphs, 1000 prints received.
The 1000 prints are a number. At our earliest convenience
received, we will send them to you.

May I take this opportunity to tell you again how much we appreciate and value the cooperation you and your organization are giving us.

Volume V, No. 1, 1977

~~NELSON A. SOCIETY ETC.~~

Enclosure:
Dispatches from San Salvador, September 15, 1912.
Dispatches from Managua, Sept. 16, 1912.
Dispatch from Guatemala, September 21, 1912.

John G. Johnson X7

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

b
L

JEL:ATW

October 16, 1940

62-61140-47

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

RECORDED

Mr. Nelson A. Rockefeller, Coordinator
Commercial and Cultural Relations
between the American Republics
State Department Building
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rockefeller:

I wish to acknowledge your letter
dated October 11, 1940, enclosing copies of
the first group of confidential dispatches re-
ceived from the mission of which Mr. Foxworth
is a member.

I want to express to you my sincere
appreciation for your courtesy and interest in
having made this information available to me.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

62-51140-47 619152 605 Aug 16

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAILED

OCT 18 1940 *

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

HHC:wvc

November 10, 1940

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Carl B. Spaeth, with Mr. Nelson Rockefeller, advised by telephone that through the State Department a cablegram had been received from Mr. Douglas in the Argentine. He referred to the fact that Section Five was the problem there instead of Section Two. Section Five means that there are a large number of German employees of American Concerns. Section Two means that German Agencies represent American Concerns. Section Five problems are easier to handle than Section Two. Action, however, is needed promptly.

The cablegram further stated they expected to find the same situation prevailing in Brazil. Action there will be needed and plans in the United States are desired promptly. Douglas suggested that consideration be given to their return from Brazil directly to the United States and it was believed advisable for Douglas and Foxworth to return immediately after they leave Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The remaining two subordinates of the party can then go to the Islands of the Caribbean and get the remainder of the information being sought, while Douglas and Foxworth can return here and start appropriate action.

Mr. Spaeth advised the State Department at first opposed this suggestion without offering any reasons. However, they are now of the opinion that it would be advisable and Mr. Rockefeller, although feeling it advisable, would like to get Mr. Hoover's reaction to this matter first. I pointed out that Mr. Hoover would not be available for the next two or three days but if Mr. Rockefeller and the State Department were both in agreement that Foxworth should return with Douglas that this Bureau would have no objection I felt sure, and he could act on this unless I called back shortly and advised to the contrary. This information was relayed to the Director.

Respectfully,

X8

302

CO CIL OF AMERICAN REPUBLICS
OFFICE FOR COORDINATION OF COMMERCIAL AND CULTURAL RELATIONS
BETWEEN THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS

Release A.M. par 10 of
Thursday, February 20

PR 18
February 20, 1947

STATEMENT BY NELSON A. GOODMAN
Coordinator of Commercial and Cultural Relations
Between the American Republics

The Coordinator of Commercial and Cultural Relations between the American Republics announced today that as a defense measure his Office had undertaken and completed the first phase of a continuing study of the representation of United States business in the other American Republics. The study was made in cooperation with the Departments of State, Commerce, and other interested Government agencies.

This study developed the fact that in certain cases North American business firms were served in Central and South America by individuals in or contributing to anti-American activities.

A large number of business firms in the United States have now written to the Office of the Coordinator or other Government agencies their desire to remedy this situation. It is emphasized that most of these firms United States firms in Central and South America are not anti-American and that in cases where anti-American representation does exist it is out of a situation which will not prevail for so long as the firms remain established.

RELEASER: [REDACTED] DATE: [REDACTED] SIGNATURE: [REDACTED]